



Illinois State Board of Education

100 North First Street
Springfield, Illinois 62777-0001

FINANCIAL AID APPLICATION NONPARTICIPATION FORM FOR STUDENTS GRADUATING DURING THE 2022-23 SCHOOL YEAR

To receive a diploma from a public high school in Illinois a student must complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®)¹ or, if applicable, the Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid². Local school district staff must provide support and assistance to students and parents/guardians in the application process. Additional assistance with completing an application is available from the Illinois Student Assistance Commission³.

Alternatively, a parent/guardian must file a waiver if they choose to opt their child out of this graduation requirement by completing this Nonparticipation form; students who are at least 18 years of age or legally emancipated may complete the form themselves. If you wish to opt yourself or your student out of completing a financial aid application, please complete this form and return it to your local high school counselor by the dates established at your local school district to ensure compliance with this graduation requirement.

School Name:	
School District Name:	
Student Name:	Birth Date:
Parent or Legal Guardian Name:	
Home Address (City, State, & ZIP Code):	
Phone Number:	Email:

I have read the information on the reverse, I understand what the FAFSA and Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid are, and I choose not to submit a completed financial aid application, at this time. I also understand that by not completing a FAFSA or Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid I will not be considered for the Illinois Monetary Award Program (MAP) Grant of up to \$7,200 or the Federal Pell Grant of up to \$6,895.

I certify that I am the parent or legal guardian of the student listed above, or I am the student and I am either at least 18 years of age, or a legally emancipated minor.

Please check here if you agree to the statements above in bold: Yes

Print Name:	Date:
Signature:	

¹ Illinois School Code (105 ILCS 5/22-87) [Sec. 22-87. Graduation requirements; Free Application for Federal Student Aid.]

² **Most students should file the FAFSA (fafsa.gov).** For details on who is eligible to file the Alternative Application, see <https://www.isac.org/students/before-college/financial-aid-planning/retention-of-illinois-rise-act/>

³ See <https://www.isac.org/students/> for more resources

Frequently Asked Questions about the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA®)

“What is the FAFSA?”

The Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) is the online application that allows a student to apply simultaneously for federal student aid (including the Pell Grant, work-study opportunities, and student loans) and the Illinois Monetary Award Program (MAP) Grant. Many colleges and universities use it for their aid programs, too. The Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid is a similar application that provides a path for some students who do not qualify for federal aid to apply for state and school-funded assistance. The maximum Illinois MAP Grant amount a student can receive for the 2022-23 school year is \$7,200, and the maximum Federal Pell Grant amount is \$6,895. The amounts are not yet set for the 2023-24 academic year.

“Isn’t the application too long and difficult to complete?”

Most applicants complete the FAFSA in about 30 minutes. If you have questions, talk to your school counselor. Help is also available for FREE from the Illinois Student Assistance Commission (studentportal.isac.org).

“If I want to learn a trade, can the FAFSA still be of assistance to me?”

The FAFSA isn’t just for associate’s or bachelor’s degree programs! Students can receive need-based Pell Grants, federal student loans, and other federal student aid for technical, trade, and vocational programs at community colleges and at many other schools and training programs. Students can check with the school they want to attend or use the federal government’s online College Navigator tool to find out which institutions participate in the programs:

<https://nces.ed.gov/collegenavigator/>

“Does my family make too much money to benefit from the FAFSA?”

Financial aid is left on the table every year by students who didn’t apply because they erroneously thought they were ineligible. You really don’t know until you apply! Income and assets are factors in determining your eligibility, but so are things like the number of students in the family who are in school and the age of the parent(s). For students from families that **do** make too much to qualify for need-based grant aid, the FAFSA can still be helpful, since it’s needed for work-study, an AIM HIGH Grant from one of our public universities, or a federal student loan (usually at competitive rates and with more borrower protections than private loans, including options for income-based repayment and forgiveness programs for some careers). Your college may offer aid based on your FAFSA info too, and your eligibility may be different depending on your school. Additionally, some scholarship programs use information from the FAFSA as a part of the application process. As most financial aid is awarded in date order based on FAFSA filing date, it is a very good idea to complete the FAFSA as early as possible. This “place in line” can be used for opportunities that come up later and can also be used if family financial circumstances suddenly change.

“What if I don’t want a student loan?”

Filing the application **doesn’t** commit you to anything. You’ll just find out whether you might be eligible for aid!

“How is FAFSA data protected? I don’t want my information sold, and I don’t want my school to have it.”

By law, your personally identifiable information (PII) in the FAFSA can only be used in furtherance of administering financial aid, including research. Although your high school will know whether you completed the FAFSA, it will not have access to the information that you provide on your FAFSA.

“If I choose to file an application, how will I know that my application is complete?”

Once you submit the FAFSA or Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid, you will receive a confirmation receipt at the email address you provided in the application. This will allow you to demonstrate that you’ve met the requirement of filing an application even if there are circumstances that will need to be addressed with the college/university’s financial aid office later.

“If I submit the Nonparticipation Form, can I still file a financial aid application at a later time?”

Yes! You can change your mind at any time. Submitting a Nonparticipation Form does not preclude you from submitting a FAFSA or Alternative Application for Illinois Financial Aid later.